



Miami-Dade County Health Department Office of Epidemiology and Disease Control Influenza/Respiratory Illness Surveillance Report Week 2: 01/07/2007 – 01/13/2007

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Report Summary

The Week 2 Influenza/Respiratory Illness Surveillance Report includes information from the following data sources:

1. 911 Surveillance
2. Hospital Emergency Department Surveillance
3. Outbreak Report

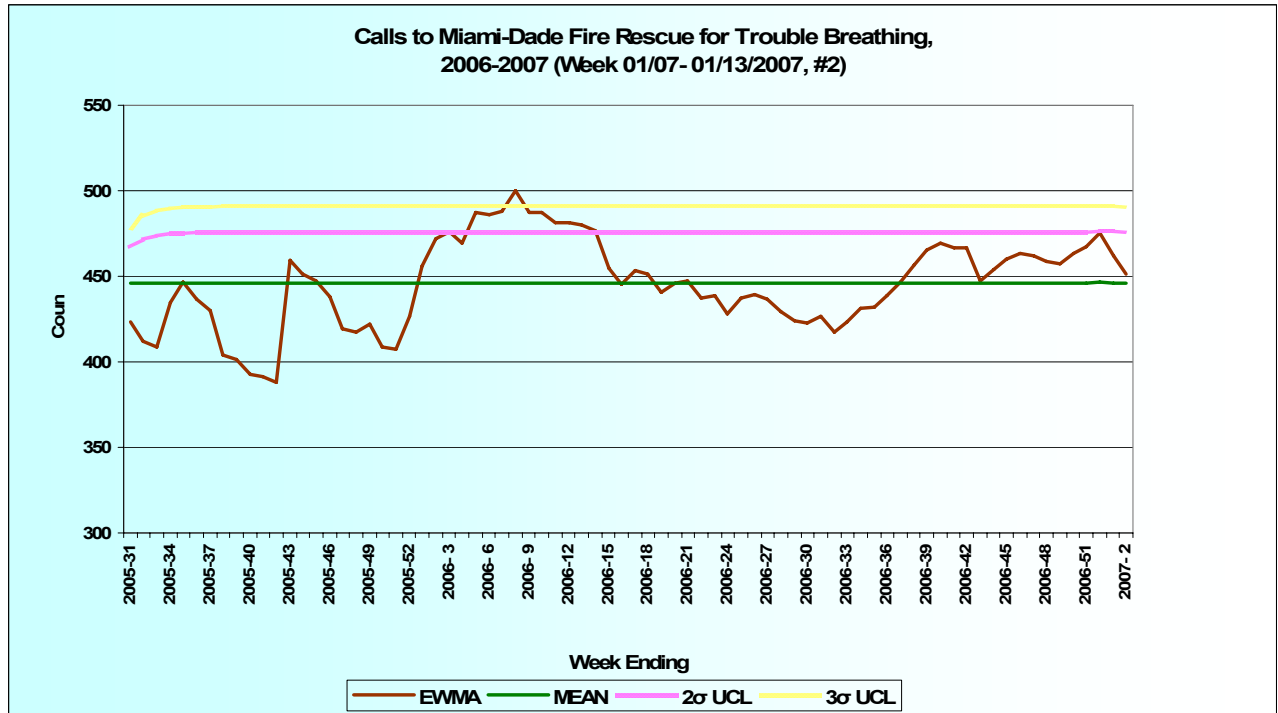
Each reporting week starts on Sunday and ends on Saturday.

Methods

An exponentially weighted moving average (EWMA) is calculated based on historical data from 2005 - 2006. EWMA is used to determine whether a process is in a state of statistical control and to detect shifts in the process average. The Upper Control Limits (UCL) are at 2 and 3 standard deviations above the mean. Increased activity is determined based on a threshold that is 2 standard deviations above the historical mean.

911 Surveillance

On a daily basis, the Office of Epidemiology and Disease Control monitors 911 medical calls placed to Miami-Dade Fire Rescue (MDFR). All medical calls are placed into categories by MDFR staff. The “trouble breathing” category is used to monitor respiratory illness.

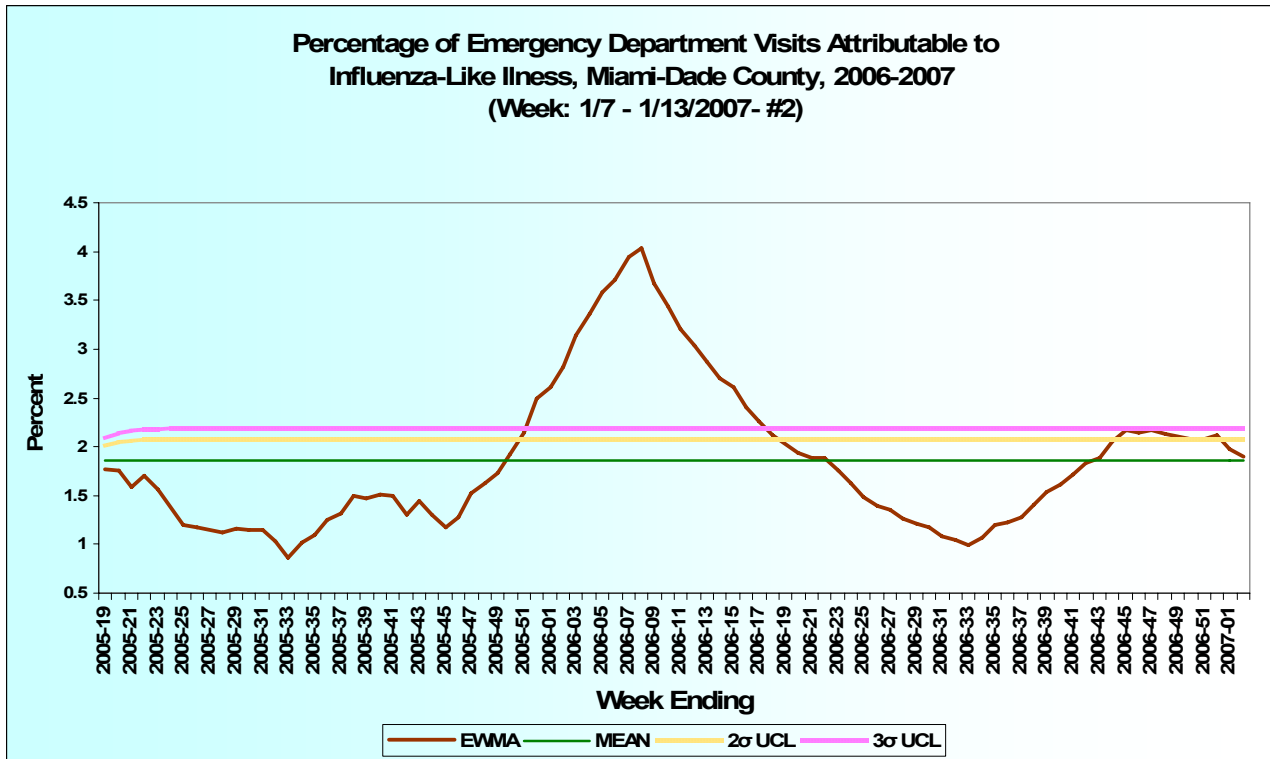


During Week 2, there was an decrease in the number of calls to the 911 Call Center and the number of calls due to “trouble breathing” is still below 2 standard deviations from the mean. The EWMA for this week was 451.64 and for 2006 it was 471.80.

Hospital Emergency Department Surveillance

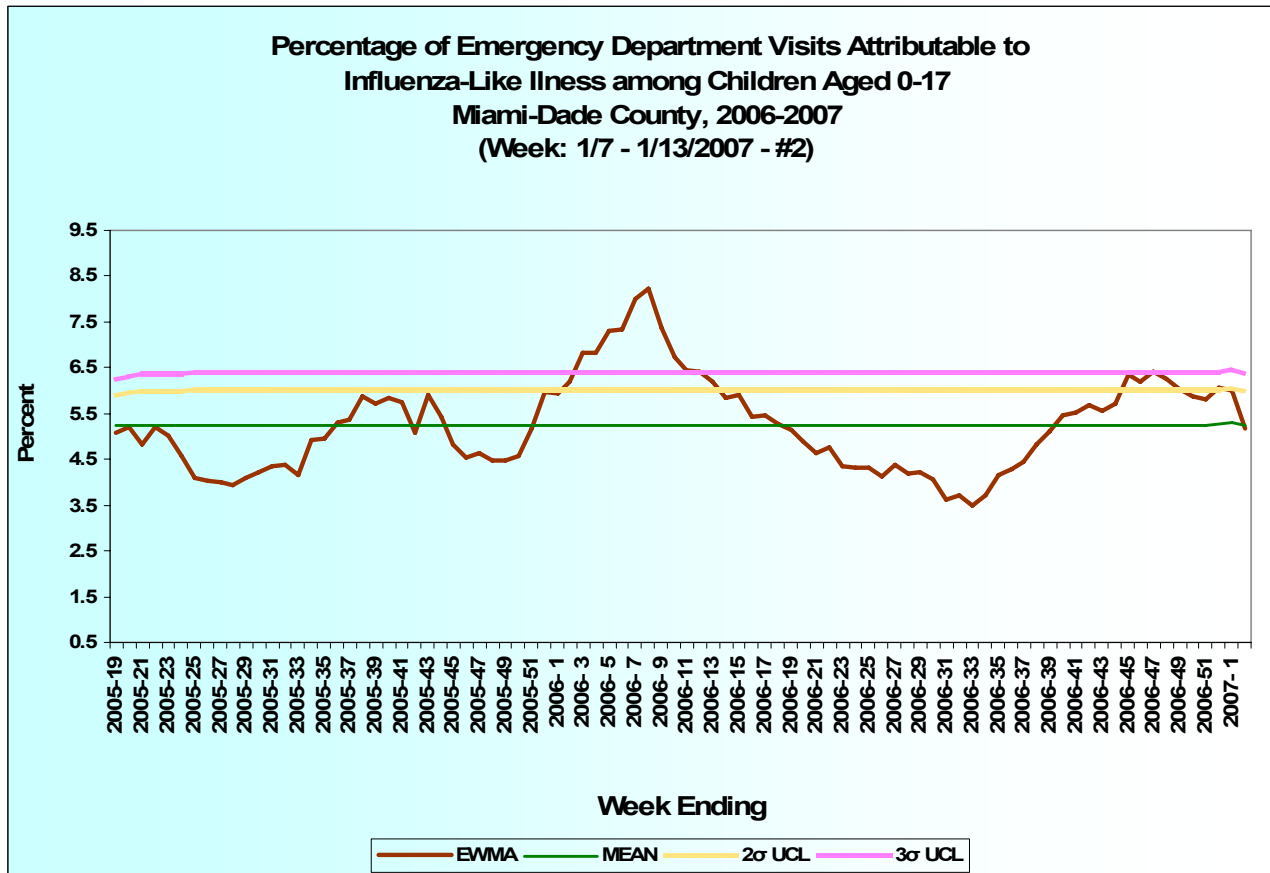
On a daily basis, selected Miami-Dade County hospitals electronically transmit hospital emergency department data to the Miami-Dade County Health Department. This data is then categorized into 10 distinct syndromes. The influenza-like illness (ILI) syndrome consists of fever with either cough or sore throat. It can also include a chief complaint of “flu”. Each week, staff will determine the percentage of all emergency department visits that fall into the ILI category.

Influenza-Like-Illness, All Ages



During Week 2, influenza-like illness activity decreased slightly and was below 2 standard deviations from the mean. About 1.89 percent of emergency department visits were attributed to influenza-like illness, compared with 2.61 percent observed during the same week last year. There has been an increase in influenza-like activity since August (Week 33).

Influenza-Like-Illness, Children Aged 0-17



During Week 2, there was a slight decrease in influenza-like illness seen among children. The activity level was below 2 standard deviations from the mean. About 3.8 percent of emergency department visits were attributed to influenza-like illness, compared with 6.8 percent observed during the same week last year.

Outbreak Reports

No influenza-like/respiratory illness outbreaks were reported during Week 2.